

Transforming Life from Space

ENGINEERING CAPABILITY WITH ENVIRONMENTAL CONSCIOUSNESS



A Holistic, Ecosystem Approach to satellite launch and rocket recovery

Salvage, Decommissioning & Wreck Removal SUT/ MASTS Workshop

9th October 2020

Alan Thompson

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SKYRORA: FROM SCOTLAND TO SPACE

MISSION:

- Earth Observation positively impacts Sustainable Development Goals;
- The UK needs its own launch capability in order to fully realise the benefits the space sector can bring.
 Skyrora is the solution.

AMBITION:

Skyrora will connect world changing companies with low-cost access to space;

HOW:

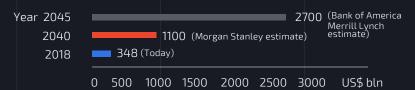
- implementing a business plan incorporating iterations and milestones;
- starting small and building the value chain;
- creating sustainable partnerships universities and companies- across the space sector;
- collaborating as an industry to help fashion the regulatory environment;
- extensive STEM initiatives to create the employees of tomorrow;
- develop cost-based (justified) value offer for UK's access to LEO;



SKYRORA L

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GLOBAL SPACE INDUSTRY





2018 IN REVENUES WORLDWIDE

£64BN NON-SATELLITE INDUSTRY

- Government Space Budgets
- Commercial Human Spaceflight

£97BN GROUND EQUIPMENT

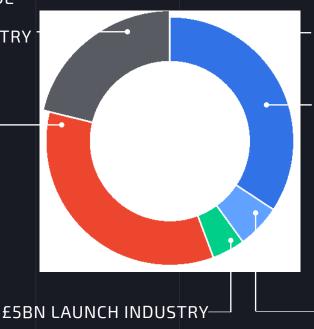
Network Equipment:

- Gateways
- Very small aperture terminals
- Networks operations centers
- Satellite news gathering equipment

Consumer Equipment:

- Sat TV
- Radio, and broadband equipment
- Global navigation satellite systems,

standalone units & in-vehicle systems



£214BN SATELLITE INDUSTRY

79% of Space Economy

£97BN SATELLITE SERVICES

Telecommunications:

- Television
- Telephone
- Broadband
- Aviation
- Maritime
- Road and Rail

National Security

Earth Observation:

- Agriculture
- Meteorology
- Resources
- Change Detection
- Disaster Mitigation

Science:

- Earth Science
- Space Science

£15BN SATELLITE MANUFACTURING

Source: 2019 Bryce Space and Tech, 2018 Morgan Stanley Research, Investment Implications of the Final Frontie

GLOBAL SMALL SATS LAUNCH MARKET

TOTAL SMALL SATS LAUNCHES (PLANNED + REPLACEMENT)



Increased use of Earth Observation, Global Navigation Satellite System and Satellite Communications will require additional launches, thereby boosting the commercial satellite launch service market size from 2019 to 2030:

E5BN Launch services market 2018 (including small/medium/large sats)

£1BN Small sats launch market 2018

£18BN Small sats launch market 2030

+32% CAGR 2023-2030

Global Revenues

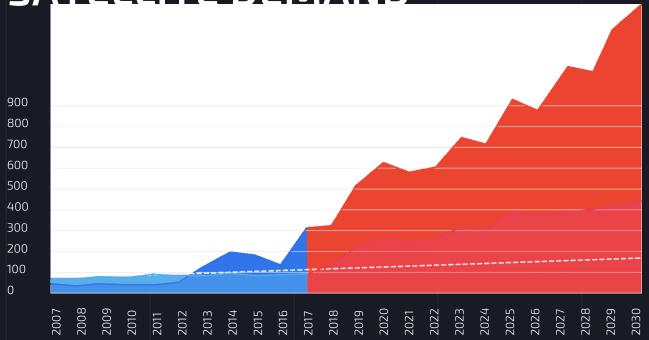
European Revenues

Source: Seraphim Fund research,

2018 Frost & Sullivan for UKSA (upside scenario)

LAUNCH DEMAND VS SMALL SATELLITE DEMAND*





*Less than 33% of demand can be met by existing rideshare capacity

Small sats (Historical)

— Small sats (Forecasted)

Total launches (Historical)

Total launches needed (Forecast)

-- Total launches (Trend)

Source: Euroconsult, 2017 Internal estimations

EUROPEAN SMALL SATELLITE MARKET



18%

of the world's small satellites are manufactured in Europe, of which over half are from the UK

2000+

satellites to be launched from Europe during 2023–2030

76%

in the <315 Kg weight class (Skyrora's addressable niche)

£5 BN

cumulative addressable European launch market for 2023–2030

Source: 2018 Frost & Sullivan for UKSA

Seraphim Fund research

OPPORTUNITY



THERE ARE CURRENTLY NO
OPERATIONAL SMALL SATELLITE
LAUNCHERS IN EUROPE

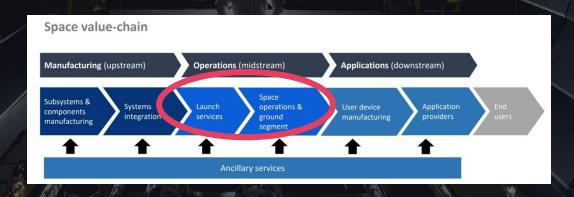
Current rideshare model is broken

No guarantee for most efficient deployment orbit

High price per kilo

Regulations & bureaucracy

EVERY DAY VITAL
TECH RESEARCH IS
PUT ON HOLD WHILE
SATELLITES CONTINUE
TO JOIN THE QUEUE



SKYRORA AS A SOLUTION



SKYRORA WILL ENSURE THE WORLD-CHANGING BENEFITS
OF SPACE ARE REALIZED HERE ON EARTH

New Space enterprise manufacturing responsive, versatile and dedicated 3-stage satellite launch vehicles to make space more accessible

Aim to deploy payloads of 315kg to Polar and Sun-Synchronous orbits with launches from Scotland

British space heritage, reinforced by R&D centers in Ukraine & Slovakia

All-in-one service and associated support provider

INCREMENTAL APPROACH

+ SKYRORA

22

20

18

16

14

12

10

8

6

2

DEVELOPMENTAL

MAIN VEHICLES

SKYLARK L

SKYLARK SKYLARK NANO MICRO SKYHY

SKYRORA XL

XL

Height, m

PROGRESS

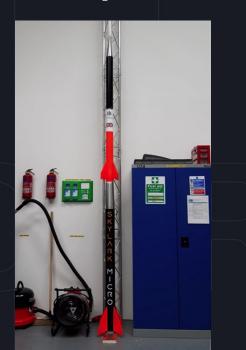
SKYLARK NANO

Proof of reusability (two launches: 2018, 2019)



SKYLARK MICRO

Completed in March 2019 Practice safe launch to 30 km OFCOM: license granted



SKYRORA

HYBRID ROCKET SKYHY

Completed in May 2019





SKYLARK MICRO OVERVIEW

SKYRORA'S KEY OBJECTI

- Raise TR integrate
- Develop launch si
- Accelera legislatu from nev



FINS



2nd STAGE APOGEE 30,000m

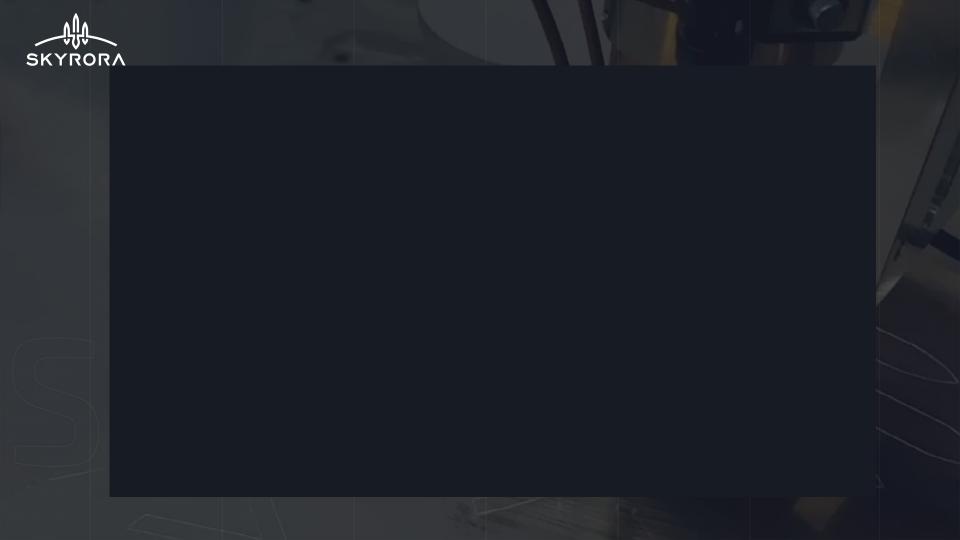
SKYLARK MICRO FLIGHT TRAJECTORY

AZIMUTH 10° wrt T. North PITCH 82°

DOWNRANGE DIST. 18km MAX. ALTITUDE 30km

MAX. SPEED MACH 4







FLIGHT PREDICTION AND LAUNCH CONTROL

 Our SRMC (Sounding Rocket Mission Control) is the centralized hub for all communications and launch operations

Radiosonde Meteorological Balloon operations

 Meteorological weather balloons provide accurate weather information for trajectory analysis and enable go/no go for launch decision making

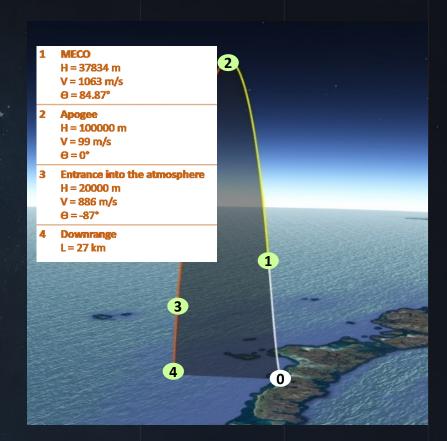
SKYLARK-L

Skyrora Skylark-L is a one-stage sub-orbital launch vehicle designed to launch a 100 kg payload to approximately 100km

The vehicle is powered by 30kN engine, with liquid propellants pressure fed

Name	Parameters
Lift-off mass	2 498 kg
Payload mass, kg	100 kg
Propellants: - oxidizer - fuel	hydrogen peroxide kerosene
Type of main engine	LPRE
Propellant fed system	Pressure fed system
Nominal thrust of main engine: - above sea level - in vacuum	3 058 N 3 645 N
Nominal specific impulse: - above sea level - in vacuum	227.0 s 270.5 s
Engine operation time	113 s
Max g-load	up to 4









Modular Launch Complex







SKYRORA XL

Skyrora XL is a three-stage orbital launch vehicle designed to launch a 315 kg payload to Polar and Sun-synchronous orbits

Engines are powered by advanced turbopump techniques and liquid propellants

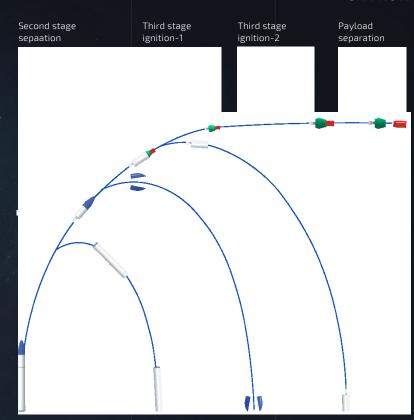
REIGNITABLE THIRD STAGE

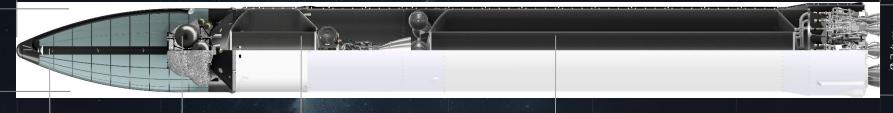
Thrust (in vacuum): 3.5 kN

Exhaust velocity (in vacuum): 3,004 m/s









PAYLOAD FAIRING

THIRD STAGE

SECOND STAGE

FIRST STAGE

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSCIOUSNESS

Our proprietary synthetic fuel from recyclable plastic enables Skyrora XL to generate less carbon foot-print than Boeing 747.

No space debris

LOW G-FORCE

Our propulsion combination makes payload's journey to space weather tolerant, reliable and with lowest stress possible (5G instead of 10G)

DIRECT ORBIT INSERTION

Re-ignitable 3rd stage engine enables precise bespoke and highly effective orbits. This service currently unavailable from vast majority of competitors

COST EFFICIENCY

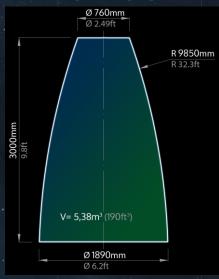
Unique choice of non-cryogenic fuel makes all infrastructure and launch management much simpler, cheaper and more stable

SKYRORA XL PAYLOAD ACCOMODATION





PAYLOAD VOLUME



TECHNOLOGY READINESS LEVEL

TRL-2

Payload accommodation scenarios available:

Single (primary only)
Primary payload and secondary payloads (including CubeSats)

ENVIRONMENT

Inside temperature during pre-launch operations 10-28°C

Heat flow from fairing during flight no more than 500 W/m²

Free molecular flow no more than 500 W/m²

umidity no more than 65%

Cleanliness TBD

Max g-force up to 5

MATERIALS and TECHNOLOGY

	case unit structure	
carbon fiber		prepreg molding
	Brackets, fittings	
aluminum alloy, steel	milling	g, turning, bending

SKYRORA XL THIRD STAGE



MAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Dry mass	314 kg
Loading mass	590 kg
Propellant:	
- oxidizer	Hydrogen peroxide
- fuel	Kerosene, Ecosene
Propellant feed system	Pressure-fed
Engine thrust in a vacuum	3500 N
Numbers of engine ignition	Up to 11
Attitude control	Electro actuator TVC

MATERIALS and TECHNOLOGY

case unit structure

carbon fiber prepreg molding
Pressure vessel, propellant tank (load shell)

carbon fiber filament winding

Pressure vessel, propellant tank (liner)

aluminum alloy stamping, turning, welding

Brackets, fittings

aluminum alloy, steel milling, turning, bending

Pipes |

aluminum alloy, steel bending, welding

TECHNOLOGY READINESS LEVEL TRL-3 READY TO STATIC FIRE TEST Q4 2020



ONBOARD EQUIPMENT VOLUME

STRUCTURE FRAME

PROPELLANT TANK

SCREEN VACUUM THERMAL INSULATION

LEO ENGINE

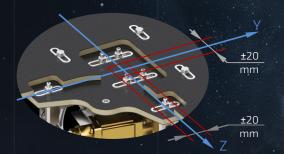
PRESSURE TANK

LOW THRUST SYSTEM CO2 TANK

LOW THRUST SYSTEM

THIRD STAGE LEO ENGINE

POSITION ADJUSTMENT



SPECIFICATION

Type of propulsion system LRE with pressure fed system

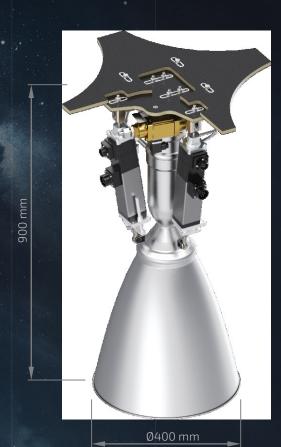
Propellant - fuel kerosene

Propellant - oxidizer hydrogen peroxide

Thrust at sea level 3.5 kN

Specific impulse at sea level 2 085 m/s

Specific impulse in vacuum 3 004 m/s





MATERIALS and TECHNOLOGY

Thrust chamber

Inconel 718

ASI 321

DMLS vacuum brazing

TIG welding.

Gimbal

Aluminum alloy 5 axial milling

Engine interface platform

Aluminum alloy 3 axial milling Carbon fiber prepreg molding

Brackets, fittings and pips

Aluminum alloy 3 axial milling
ASI 321 TIG welding

In 2020: 40 fire tests of 3 combustion chambers have been conducted with total operating time around 20 min

TECHNOLOGY READINESS LEVEL TRL-6

SPACE TUG





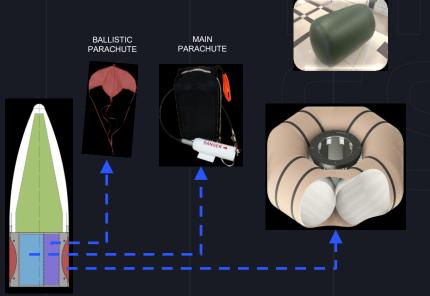
A space tug is an innovative piece of technology that can provide space services to satellites in orbit and future orbital spacecrafts.

The space tug is designed to be compatible with both the upper stage of the launch vehicle and payload components to enable a partner launch vehicle.

The main functionalities of the space tug include:

- deploying payloads into different orbits and altitudes;
- correcting satellite or spacecraft orbit;
- de-orbiting space debris or transferring space debris to disposal orbit;
- refueling satellites or spacecrafts

RECOVERY:







Second stage sepaation

T = 408 s H = 187 km

V = 6352 m/s

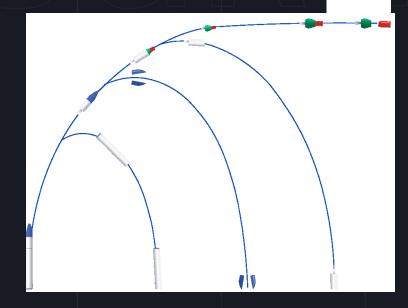
Third stage ignition-1

T = 820 s H = 234 km

V = 7928 m/s V = 7531 m/s

Third stage Payload ignition-2 separation

T = 3520 s H = 506 km

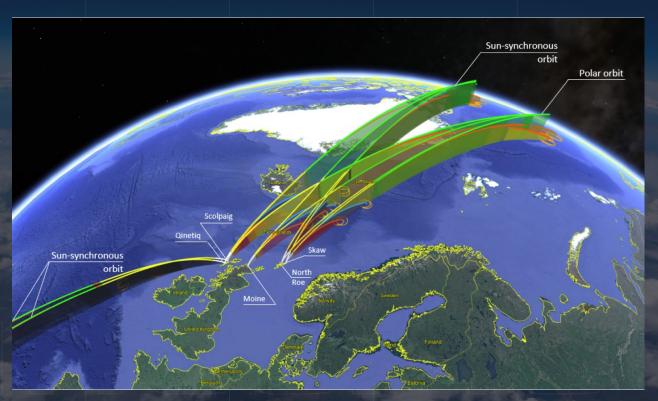




VERTICAL SPACEPORTS SCOTLAND



Falcon 1, SpaceX



ECOSENE. ECO FUEL



Ecosene is innovative kerosene made of waste plastics and upgraded to be used as rocket fuel.

Using Ecosene over traditional Kerosene for 16 launches per year saves up to 400 tonnes of unrecyclable plastic every year

Metric tonnes of plastic 400K+ recycled per year

Lorries per year

Successful test firing have been held for 350 kg (Leo) to compare kerosene and Ecosene. Result: Ecosene is 1% better than kerosene by its energy characteristics



ECOSENE CLEAN TECH AWARDs:

Go:Tech Awards 2019 Green Apple Award 2019 Net Zero Energy Pitch 2019 Scotland Business Award



COMPETITION

SKYRORA

OUR KEY COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES ARE:

- Re-ignitable 3rd stage
- Wide weather tolerance
- Low G-force, less stress on payloads
- Reliability, simple maintenance
- Privately owned modular spaceport
- Eco fuel
- Cost of talent

Launch Vehicle	Skyrora XL	Prime	Miura 5	Electron	LauncherOne
	7				$\overline{}$
Founded	2017	2015	2011	2006	2017
Price/kg	£30k	NA	£28k	£46k	£33k
Mission revenue	£9.5m	NA	£8.4m	£9m	£9.9m
Payload mass, kg	315	220	300	125	300
Altitude, km	500	500	400	500	500
Readiness stage	Planned	Planned	Planned	Operational	Planned
Fuel	Kerosene/HTP	Bio-LPG/LOX	Kerosene/LOX	Kerosene/LOX	Kerosene/LOX
Stage / engine	3	2	3	2+kickstage	2

SKYRORA IS ON TRACK TO LEAD THE EUROPEAN SPACE RACE



BY 2030 SKYRORA will:

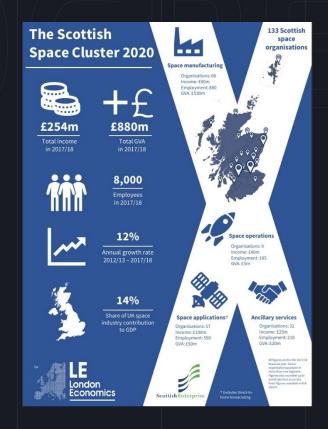
- Be a **World Champion** in Environmental Spaceflight (UK);
- Extracted 3000 tonnes of unrecyclable plastic waste from the environment (landfill/oceans);
- fuelling **119** individual missions to LEO;
- delivering **3500** individual satellites into LEO;
- transforming Environmental Management Systems contributing to the achievement 70% of UN Sustainable Development Goals;
- supporting **50 PhD** Earth Observation research projects;
- creating 300+ jobs itself with not less than 30 apprenticeships;
- **106m** in total launch related revenues, **22% CAGR** (profit)

By championing the concept of sustainable and responsible space utilisation from EU we will unlock a <u>New Space Tech Revolution</u>

SCOTLAND is leading SPACE in:

- Creation of SCOTTISH SPACE LEADERSHIP COUNCIL – Business platform;
- Satellite manufacture both quantity – demand for launch services;
- SPACE DATA Universities lead –
 St. Andrews, Edinburgh,
 Strathclyde;
- Advanced Manufacturing NMIS
- Spaceport development infrastrucuture – Spaceport working group within SSLC;
- Rallying industry into input into legislation:

- Environmental thought leadership for Space society deliverable;
- SPACE VALUE CHAIN fully represented
- Beginning to reap the economic rewards of localizing supply chain- demand for engineering capabilities to support – STEM;
- Alignment with adjacent industry- Aerospace, Marine;



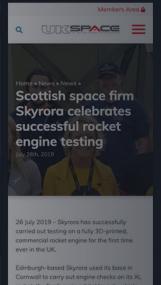
THANK YOU!







The A'Mhoine Peninsula in Sutherland has been





An image from the test conducted testiey **eroses.*

Scotland-based startup Skyrora, which hopes become one of several commercial companies launch rockets from the U.K., says it has successfully tested a rocket engine that it will

The company tested the engine called Leo for the first time in secret at Spaceport Cornwall Newquay on Wednesday, July 24, successfully firing it for 30 seconds. It then conducted a

